### The retrograde procedural memory in people with Parkinson's disease with or without freezing of gait Laure PAULY, Armin RAUSCHENBERGER, Claire PAULY, Maxime HANSEN, Lukas PAVELKA, Anne-Marie HANFF, Valerie E. SCHRÖDER, Anja K. LEIST, Rejko KRÜGER

on behalf of the NCER-PD Consortium



### INTRODUCTION

Freezing of Gait (FOG), defined as a "brief, episodic absence or marked reduction of forward progression of the feet despite the intention to walk", complicates everyday life of people with Parkinson's disease (PD).

PEOPLE WITH PARKINSON'S DISEASE ARE AFFECTED BY FREEZING OF GAIT

Given that cognitive functions, like executive control and automaticity, are crucial for mobility, it is of great importance to get a deeper knowledge of the cognitive impairment that may interfere with walking and causing gait disturbances in people with Parkinson's disease. The integrity of retrograde procedural memory is essential for a person's ability to complete routine and procedural activities like walking.

> Retrograde procedural memory is the ability to execute skills that have been learned in earlier life stages

As Freezing of Gait is characterized as a deautomatization disorder, we hypothesized that the retrograde procedural memory is more severely impaired in patients with Freezing of Gait (FOG+) than in patients without Freezing of Gait (FOG-).

diseases and severe psychiatric disorders.

WITHOUT Freezing of Gait

PD <sup>– FOG</sup> N = 97

Matching for age, gender and education

The extended evaluation system of the cube copying test (Figure 1) was applied to evaluate both the cube-drawing procedure, representing the retrograde procedural memory  $(IS_1)$ , and the final result, representing the visuo-constructive abilities  $(IS_2)$  (Pauly et al., 2020, MDS abstract).

The subject starts with c	one of the squares / surfaces / with the 3 axes
	<ul> <li>The subject drew a second square (superpositio</li> <li>The subject drew the side lines</li> </ul>
	The subject drew a second face The subject drew the 3 axes and continued by d
The subject fills in the c	onnection lines correctly
	IN
VISUO-CONSTRUCT	IN TIVE FUNCTIONS - IS <sub>2</sub>
<b>VISUO-CONSTRUCT</b> The drawing is 3D, the p	IN <b>TIVE FUNCTIONS -</b> IS2         proportions are correct
<b>VISUO-CONSTRUCT</b> The drawing is 3D, the p The orientation of the dr	IN <b>TIVE FUNCTIONS -</b> IS2         proportions are correct         prawing is correct (mirror image)
<b>VISUO-CONSTRUCT</b> The drawing is 3D, the p The orientation of the dr The final result is correct	IN <b>TIVE FUNCTIONS - IS</b> <sub>2</sub> proportions are correct rawing is correct (mirror image) et
<b>VISUO-CONSTRUCT</b> The drawing is 3D, the p The orientation of the dr The final result is correct	IN <b>TIVE FUNCTIONS - IS</b> 2         proportions are correct         proportions are correct (mirror image)         et         IN

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## METHODS

A total of 194 patients from the Luxembourg Parkinson's study were included into the cross-sectional study. All patients were assigned to the FOG+ / FOG- groups based on a semi-structured interview conducted by a study physician. Excluded were people with PD having undergone brain surgery, atypical forms of parkinsonism, as well as other neurological

> People with Parkinson's disease

> > WITH Freezing of Gait

PD + FOG N = 97



FOG+ scored lower on the cube copying procedure compared to the FOG- (p = 0.027), which is suggestive of a more severely impaired retrograde procedural memory in FOG+. No significant differences in the visuo-constructive abilities were detected (p = 0.945).



In line with FOG being considered a de-automatization of walking, a skill acquired in earlier life stages, the present results suggest that the retrograde procedural memory of FOG+ is more severely impaired than in FOG-.

## RESULTS

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# CONCLUSION

